

Industries

Chapter 8: Industries · Topic 1

Key Concept

Primary industries extract raw materials directly from nature, like mining, fishing, and agriculture, forming the basis for other industries.

Secondary industries, or manufacturing industries, process raw materials into finished or semi-finished products, like steel or textile production.

Tertiary industries provide services rather than physical products, like banking, transportation, education, and healthcare.

The location of industries often depends on factors like availability of raw materials, labour, transportation, and market access.

Quick Revision Notes

- Primary industries: extract raw materials.
- Examples: mining, fishing, agriculture.
- Secondary industries: manufacturing, processing.
- Examples: steel, textile production.
- Tertiary industries: provide services.
- Examples: banking, transportation, education.
- Industry location depends on raw materials, labour.
- Also transportation, market access matter.

Practice Questions

- 1 Classify three industries as primary, secondary, or tertiary.
- 2 Discuss an industry common in your region.
- 3 Discuss factors affecting industry location.
- 4 Research a manufacturing industry and its process.
- 5 Discuss the role of tertiary industries in the economy.
- 6 Compare primary and secondary industries.