

Practice and Revision - Constructions of Quadrilaterals

Chapter 18: Constructions of Quadrilaterals · Topic 2

Key Concept

To construct a quadrilateral, we typically need five measurements, like four sides and one diagonal, or three sides and two angles.

We use a ruler to measure and draw straight lines accurately, and a compass to mark specific distances or arcs.

Following a systematic step-by-step approach, like drawing one triangle first then completing the quadrilateral, ensures accuracy.

Practising quadrilateral construction builds precision and spatial understanding, essential skills in geometry.

Quick Revision Notes

- Constructing quadrilaterals needs five measurements.
- Examples: four sides and a diagonal, or three sides and two angles.
- A ruler draws accurate straight lines.
- A compass marks specific distances or arcs.
- We follow systematic step-by-step construction.
- Drawing one triangle first helps complete the shape.
- Practice builds precision and spatial skills.
- These are essential geometry skills.

Practice Questions

- 1 Construct a quadrilateral given four sides and a diagonal.
- 2 Discuss why five measurements are typically needed.
- 3 Practice using a compass to mark a distance.
- 4 Construct a parallelogram with given measurements.
- 5 Discuss the importance of accuracy in construction.
- 6 Explain the step-by-step approach for construction.