

Addition of Small Numbers

Chapter 8: Fun with Numbers · Topic 1

Key Concept

When we add small numbers, like $2 + 3$, we can count all the objects in both groups together to find the answer. We start with 2 objects, add 3 more, and count all of them to get 5.

We can use our fingers, small objects, or a number line to help us add small numbers, especially when we are just learning.

The plus sign (+) tells us to add, and the equal sign (=) tells us the total. So ' $2 + 3 = 5$ ' means 2 and 3 together make 5.

Practising addition with small numbers (up to 10) helps us build confidence before we move on to adding bigger numbers.

Quick Revision Notes

- Addition means putting groups together to find the total.
- The plus sign (+) means 'add'.
- The equal sign (=) shows the total.
- We can use fingers or objects to help add small numbers.
- $2 + 3 = 5$ is a simple addition example.
- Addition helps us know how many things we have altogether.
- We can add numbers up to 10 using counting.
- Practising small addition builds confidence for bigger sums.

Practice Questions

- 1 Solve: $3 + 2 = ?$
- 2 Solve: $4 + 4 = ?$
- 3 Use your fingers to add $2 + 5$.
- 4 Draw 3 circles and 2 circles, then count them all together.
- 5 Make your own addition sum using small objects.
- 6 Practice five addition sums up to 10.