

Major Industries and Their Location

Chapter 11: Manufacturing Industries · Topic 2

Key Concept

The textile industry, one of India's oldest, is concentrated in states like Gujarat and Maharashtra, benefiting from cotton availability and established manufacturing infrastructure.

The iron and steel industry is located near mineral-rich regions like Jharkhand and Odisha, reducing transportation costs for raw materials like iron ore and coal.

The information technology (IT) industry, a newer and rapidly growing sector, is concentrated in cities like Bengaluru, Hyderabad, and Pune, benefiting from skilled workforce and infrastructure.

Industrial location decisions generally balance factors like raw material access, labour availability, transportation infrastructure, and proximity to markets for finished goods.

Quick Revision Notes

- Textile industry is concentrated in Gujarat and Maharashtra.
- This benefits from cotton availability.
- Iron and steel industry is near mineral-rich regions.
- Jharkhand and Odisha are key locations for this industry.
- This reduces transportation costs for raw materials.
- IT industry is concentrated in Bengaluru, Hyderabad and Pune.
- IT industry benefits from skilled workforce.
- Industrial location balances raw materials, labour and infrastructure.

Practice Questions

- 1 Research why the textile industry is concentrated in certain states.
- 2 Discuss why iron and steel industries locate near mineral regions.
- 3 Research why Bengaluru became an IT hub.
- 4 Explain the factors that influence industrial location.
- 5 Research a major industry in your state.
- 6 Create a map showing major Indian industries and their locations.