

# Natural Regions

Chapter 6: Natural Regions · Topic 1

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## Key Concept

Natural regions are classified based on similar climate patterns, vegetation types, and landform characteristics across an area.

Examples of natural regions include tropical rainforests (hot, wet, dense vegetation), deserts (dry, sparse vegetation), and tundra (cold, treeless).

Each natural region has adapted plant and animal life suited to its specific climate and environmental conditions.

Understanding natural regions helps us appreciate Earth's environmental diversity and how climate shapes different ecosystems.

## Quick Revision Notes

- Natural regions: similar climate, vegetation, landforms.
- Examples: tropical rainforest, desert, tundra.
- Rainforest: hot, wet, dense vegetation.
- Desert: dry, sparse vegetation.
- Tundra: cold, treeless.
- Each has adapted plant/animal life.
- This suits specific climate conditions.
- Regions show Earth's environmental diversity.

## Practice Questions

- 1 Research a natural region and its characteristics.
- 2 Discuss the plants and animals in a tropical rainforest.
- 3 Discuss the plants and animals in a desert.
- 4 Compare a desert and tundra region.
- 5 Draw a map showing different natural regions.
- 6 Discuss how climate shapes vegetation.