

Practice and Revision - Introduction to Our Constitution

Chapter 14: Introduction to Our Constitution · Topic 2

Key Concept

The Indian Constitution was drafted by the Constituent Assembly, with Dr. B.R. Ambedkar as the chairman of the drafting committee.

The Constitution came into effect on January 26, 1950, celebrated as Republic Day, establishing India as a sovereign republic.

It is one of the longest written constitutions in the world, covering governance structure, fundamental rights, and duties comprehensively.

The Constitution establishes India as a sovereign, socialist, secular, democratic republic, guiding the nation's governance and values.

Quick Revision Notes

- Constitution drafted by Constituent Assembly.
- Dr. B.R. Ambedkar: drafting committee chairman.
- Effective from January 26, 1950.
- This is celebrated as Republic Day.
- It's among world's longest written constitutions.
- Covers governance, rights, duties comprehensively.
- India: sovereign, socialist, secular, democratic republic.
- Constitution guides nation's governance, values.

Practice Questions

- 1 Research Dr. B.R. Ambedkar's role in the Constitution.
- 2 Discuss the significance of January 26.
- 3 Research what 'secular' means in the Constitution.
- 4 Discuss why India is called a democratic republic.
- 5 List three things the Constitution covers.
- 6 Explain the Constitution's importance in your own words.