

Addition (Single Digit)

Chapter 2: Addition (Single Digit) · Topic 1

Key Concept

Addition is shown using the plus sign (+), and when we add two single-digit numbers, we combine their values to get a total (sum).

We can use objects like fingers, blocks, or drawings to help us understand and practise addition.

The order of numbers in addition doesn't change the answer - like $2+3$ gives the same answer as $3+2$.

Practising addition with small numbers helps build confidence and prepares us for solving bigger addition problems.

Quick Revision Notes

- Addition combines numbers to find a total.
- Uses the plus sign (+).
- Combining values gives the sum.
- Objects can help us practice addition.
- Order doesn't change the answer.
- $2+3 = 3+2$.
- Practice builds confidence.
- It prepares us for bigger problems.

Practice Questions

- 1 Solve $5+2$.
- 2 Solve $6+3$.
- 3 Use your fingers to add $4+4$.
- 4 Draw objects to show $3+2=5$.
- 5 Solve $7+1$.
- 6 Create your own addition problem and solve it.