

After 1857, the British Crown took direct control of India from the East India Company, marking a significant shift in colonial administration.

Quick Revision Notes

- 1857 uprising: sepoy revolt against East India Company.
- Sparked by cultural, religious grievances.
- Spread across northern, central India.
- Involved soldiers, civilians, rulers.
- Example: Rani Lakshmibai of Jhansi.
- British suppressed it: better resources, organisation.
- Rebels lacked unified leadership.
- After 1857: British Crown took direct control.

Practice Questions

- 1 Research Rani Lakshmbai's role in 1857.
- 2 Discuss the causes of the 1857 uprising.
- 3 Research why the British suppressed the rebellion.
- 4 Discuss the change in administration after 1857.
- 5 Draw a timeline of the 1857 uprising.
- 6 Explain the significance of 1857 in your own words.